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AMI-C Power Management Test V1.00

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Abstract
This specification is based on AMI-C 3034 Power Management Test Document V1.00. This document describes the test approaches, test set up and test cases, which have been used during the AMI-C –EPOC for the successful demonstration of power management capability of EPOC.

Keywords
IEEE 1394, Serial Bus, AMI-C, Automotive, Power Management Test
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<table>
<thead>
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<th>Name</th>
<th>Phrase</th>
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## Revision log

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<tr>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>2005-0x-xx</td>
<td>AMI-C</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Revision date</th>
<th>Affected sections</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2005-0x-xx</td>
<td>Version 1.00 released for publication. This version is the basis for all future revisions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Foreword
Introduction

This document describes the test approaches, test set up and test cases, which have been used during the AMI-C –EPOC for the successful demonstration of power management capability of EPOC. This document mainly focuses how to build a test set up, install the software components and running the test cases given in this document.

Scope

For the successful functioning of EPOC, the integration as well as the interoperability of the software and hardware components developed by various contributing organizations must be tested and validated. This document brings out a test plan for developing the test cases, which can be used during these testing and validation activity. These test cases will consist of System test cases.

References

1.1 Normative references

1. Power Management EPoC SW Architecture_v0.9
2. AMI-C 1394 automotive test design specification-power management V0.90

1.2 Informative references

PM EPoC_IF-BOX_Cnctn_r01
EPoC (Phase 3) Integration Plan
AMI-C 1394 Power Management EPoC P-Mode I/F-BOX Specification

2 Required Resources

Refer the table 1 which describes the hardware Requirements.

3 Test set up overview

It is assumed that all the EPoC software components are unit tested before they are taken up for integration.

The figure 1 shows AMIC-EPoC system, which basically consists of a Power Master PC and a Power Slave PC complying with the specifications of Host and Device units. To demonstrate Power cycles, the video output of an IIDC Cam-
era displayed on the Power Slave PC will be started or suspended based on Power status of the 1394 network.

The EPoC uses an external Power Status Line to provide wake up/shutdown signals/events to the network. This Power Status Line is called Power Mode (PM) Line. A change in the signal level of the PM-Line causes the wake up/shutdown of the repeaters, which in turn results in wake up/shutdown of the entire network.

This change in signal level of PM-Line is detected by P-Mode monitoring applications (P-Mode Slave) running in each node and interfaced with the PM Line using “I/F” box cable. The P-Mode I/F Box receives “Sleep” or “Wake Up” Control data over a serial line from the Host Unit and controls the power status of all repeaters. The Key Position application, which simulates the status of the Ignition key in a real vehicular situation, initiates transfer of this Control data to change the Power Status of the network through the P-Mode Master Application.

**AMIC-EPOC system**

![AMIC-EPOC system diagram](image)

Figure -1 *AMIC-EPOC system*
A camera application GUI is used for controlling the properties of the IIDC camera. This IIDC camera is connected network using a P-Mode repeater.

In the figure 2, the components numbered 1 and 2 indicate:
- Component 1 = P-Mode signal converter
- Component 2 = P-Mode repeater
- Component 3 = IIDC camera

The component; P-Mode repeater 2.a is connected to component 3, which is an IIDC camera. This camera is controlled by the camera application residing at the device unit. This camera is connected to the repeater by using a 1394a Metal cable. The repeaters at the host unit, device unit and the repeater, which connects the IIDC camera, are powered by using the PM line cable. The P-Mode signal converters are connected to Host and Device units PCs by RS232C cables.

The test set up building is as follows:
1. Connect P-Mode signal converter and P-Mode repeater using the PM line cable.
2. Connect IEEE 1394 cables at the IEEE 1394 ports.
3. Power up the device PC first and then host PC.
5. Connect the IIDC Camera as shown in the setup.
6. 1394 Bus Analyzer is to be connected to the POF or to the metal cable whenever the transaction packets over them, needs to be analyzed.

3.1 PM EPoC Installation Procedure

The following are the name of binary files for PM EPOC components:
1. **CCMFm** (Component Control Manager Functional Module)
2. **_Controls** (Local Application: Camera Control GUI)

Please follow the steps as mentioned below for the installation of PM EPOC components:
1. Please copy all the binary files to a common location in the file system.
2. Make sure that there are no files or pipes exist in the above location, which can clash with the pipe names as per the AMIC EPOC Software Architecture document.
3. If there is any pipes created by previous run of PM EPOC component exist in this location, please delete them all.
4. Remove the preinstalled OHCI and 1394 driver (Comes with the Red Hat Linux system):
   ```bash
   rmmod ohci1394
   rmmod ieee1394
   ```
5. Remove Wipro Driver if already installed for previous run of PM EPOC Components.
   ```bash
   rmmod WiproDrv1394
   ```
6. Install Wipro Driver afresh to ensure that initializations are proper.
   ```bash
   insmod WiproDrv1394.o
   ```

3.2 PM EPoC Operating Procedure

Please follow the steps as mentioned below for running the PM EPOC components:
1. On the Host Unit,
   a. Open a new terminal and start Component Control Manager as follows:
      ```bash
      ./CCMFm Host Configure_LPM.cfg
      ```
      Where Configure_LPM.cfg is configuration file name for LPM. This file may have one of the following three values:
0 – Shutdown Accept (Shutdown Normal Scenario)
1 – Shutdown Reject (Shutdown Forced Scenario)
2 – No Response (Shutdown Forced Scenario)

b. In a separate terminal, start System Power Master as follows:
   . /SPMFm

c. In a separate terminal, start PMode Master as follows:
   . /PmodeMasterFm

d. In a separate terminal, start PMode Slave as follows:
   . /PmodeSlaveFm

e. In a separate terminal, start Key Position Application as follows:
   . /KeyApp

2. On the Device Unit,
   a. Open a new terminal and start Component Control Manager as follows:
      . /CCMFm Device Configure_LPM.cfg
      Where Configure_LPM.cfg is configuration file name for LPM.
      This file may have one of the following three values:
      0 – Shutdown Accept (Shutdown Normal Scenario)
      1 – Shutdown Reject (Shutdown Forced Scenario)
      2 – No Response (Shutdown Forced Scenario)
   b. In a separate terminal, start Camera Application as follows:
      . /CameraAppFm
   c. In a separate terminal, start PMode Slave as follows:
      . /PmodeSlaveFm

3. On the Host Unit,
   a. Make sure that all components have been started before running Resource Manager. Then in a separate terminal, start Resource
      Manager as follows:
      . /RMFm

4. After Resource Manager is started, please make sure that System Start
   up Sequence is executed as described in the AMI-C PM EPOC Software
   Architecture document (Refer Power Management EPOC SW Architec-
   ture_v0.9).

4. On System Startup, the system is in Wake-up State.

5. From Key Position Application, send “Key Position OFF” command to
   start Shutdown sequence.

6. When the system is in Shutdown State, send “Key Position ON” from the
   Key Position Application to start Wakeup Sequence.

The configuration file for LPM can be changed to simulate various Shutdown
scenarios as described above. The configuration file in the host and device unit
 can be modified anytime, and does not need restarting any PM EPOC compo-
 nent.
4 Use cases

The following are the use cases of the Power Management EPOC which were subjected to test

- System Start up Sequences and registrations of Functional modules
- Power Management capability of EPOC
  - Wake up through Key Position Application
  - Shutdown through Key Position Application
  - Shutdown procedure using “shutdown by force” method
- Initialization Sequence after Bus Reset across the network
- Operation of the legacy devices

5 Test Case Grouping

Test cases are mainly classified into four groups, which are

Group A- Bus reset and system start up sequence.
The Group A consists of test cases, which focus on the initial start up sequence and Post Bus Reset actions which Include registration of local functional modules with the Component Control Manager, Instance number allocation for functional modules that need dynamic instance numbers and using Address Resolution Protocol to determine actual Physical address of nodes after bus reset.

1. Verify the EPoC System Start up Sequence
2. Verify the Bus Reset functionality

Group B- System wake-up and shutdown sequence

This group of test cases tests and validates power management capability of the EPoC System.

1. Verification of System Wake up functionality
2. Verification of both Cooperative and Forced System Shutdown / sleep functionality

Group C- Suspend and resume of Local applications.
This group of test cases is used for suspending and resuming the local applications present in the network. In this EPoC, an IIDC Camera has been used as an example of leg-
acy device for demonstrating the power management capabilities. As explained earlier, the local power Manager controls the camera application power state.

1. Verify Resumption of Local applications.
2. Verify shut down of the Local applications

**Group D- Legacy ports enabling and disabling**

These test cases validate EPoC power management capability for handling legacy devices by enabling or disabling the ports connected to legacy devices when wake up or shutdown command received is issued by SPM

1. Verify Enabling of the ports connected legacy devices.
2. Verify Disabling of the ports connected legacy devices.

**6 Observation Mechanisms**

The group B and C test result observation was achieved by manual inspection

The group A and D test case results were observed using the log facility. Also the IEEE1394 packet analyzer was used extensively for checking, and verifying the correctness of the packets, which includes size of the packet, value of the control parameters etc.

The procedure followed for this is described below

1. The input packet, control parameters (specific to each packet), which were generated at the host PC, was observed using the log message generated at the host side PC by the respective FMs.

2. In-cable message transactions, packet size; control parameters (specific to each command) etc were observed using the IEEE1394 packet analyzer.
3. The packets reached at the device PC were again cross checked for data integrity and for making sure that no data or packet were occurred during the transmission

**Test Case Definition**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Case Spec. ID</th>
<th>TC_PM_ST_01</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

| 7.1 TC_PM_ST_01    |
|--------------------|-------------|
Objective of Test | Verify the EPoC System Start up Sequence
---|---

**Aim/ Description**
To verify whether all functional modules in the EPoC are able to register with CCM successfully and complete the system start up sequence as specified in Power Management EPoC SW Architecture_v0.9

**Input/ Initial State** | Modules (FM’s) have not been loaded in memory
---|---

**Preamble/ Dependencies**
EPoC components should be in the un powered state

**Procedure**
Follow PM EPoC Installation Procedure given in page 7, AMI-C PM_EPoC Test Design Ver_0.3
Follow the PM EPoC Operating Procedure up to step 3.a

Observe the below given PDU values printed by various FMs and validate them

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Module Name</th>
<th>F-Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P-Mode Master Application</td>
<td>0x46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P-Mode Slave Application</td>
<td>0x47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCM</td>
<td>0x00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RM</td>
<td>0x0F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPM</td>
<td>0x4B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LPM</td>
<td>0x4C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIDC Camera Application</td>
<td>0xAA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Output/ Final State**
System Start up Sequence completed
Component Initialization complete Notification arrived at all FM’s

**Check Points**
Check the system manager is loading all FMs
Check all the pipes are created with the specified names and specified mode (this can be checked by displaying all the files present in the directory from where binaries are running, run ls-al command)
Check that the time gap between RM Enquiry and RM Available messages is <= 500 milliseconds
The first I-Num allocation request should not be before 500 ms after RM Available message.
This can be validated using the below given condition
An unallocated I-Num has a value 0 and once RM allocates an I-Num, this value changes to > 0.
Remarks

1. Component Initialization complete Notification should arrive at PMode slaves at both host PC and slave PC within a time of 7500ms(7.5 Seconds) after the RM Available message
2. With this test case, one can validate whether the timings for system initialization sequence completion has been met or not

7.2 TC_PM_ST_02

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Case Spec. ID</th>
<th>TC_PM_ST_02</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective of Test</td>
<td>Verify the Wake up functionality of the EPoC System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aim/ Description</td>
<td>To verify the wake up operation of the EPoC system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input/ Initial State</td>
<td>Component Initialization completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preamble/ Dependencies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Initialization of all the software components must have completed which includes pipe creation for PMode master, PMode slave, SPM, Camera Application and registration with CCM including CCM Registry creation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. I–num must have been successfully allocated for all FMs that requested for I-Num to RM (P-Mode slave and LPM at both host and device side)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Component initialization complete notification must have arrived at all FMs (all FMs should print this event)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output/ Final State 1. EPOC system is woken up</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The repeater is up</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. PM line is up</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. All legacy ports in the network enabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reception of confirmation for wake up CMS command from the SPM to P-Mode master</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Check Points**

1. Observe the Key Position Application ON and OFF buttons color change.
2. Check whether the I/F BOX is powered up
3. System manager should correctly load all the software modules and in the expected order
4. For PDU analysis using IEEE1394 protocol analyzer, first the analyzer must be in a position to read the PDU, which are going from, the SPM at host PC to LPM at device side PC.
5. All CMS message transactions must be observed and values must be cross checked
6. All the printed CMS message values by the respective FMs must be cross checked
7. PM Line must be Activated
   All legacy ports in the network enabled

**Remarks**

The following are the important CMS messages which need to be observed

1. RMc Enquiry and RM Available
2. Component Initialization complete Notification
3. I-Num Allocation Request and Response
4. Wake up Network
5. General Service Info and Report

---

7.3 TC_PM_ST _03

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Case Spec. ID</th>
<th>TC_PM_ST _03</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective of Test</td>
<td>To verify the Bus Reset functionality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aim/ Description</td>
<td>To verify the Initialization Sequence after Bus Reset</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Input/ Initial State**
The initialization sequence on Bus Reset will happen only after the “resume local device “command issued by the PMode slave.

**Preamble/ Dependencies**
- The PMode master should have received the wake up command from key position application
The PMode slave should issue the command “resume local device”

- PM Line must be Activated

### Procedure

Click/enable the on the ON button at the Key Position Application using a mouse pointer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output/ State</th>
<th>Final State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• ARP request for the RM, SPM, PMode master must be initiated by the CCM present at the device side</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• ARP response for the ARP request must have received from the RM, SPM, PMode master by the CCM present at the device side</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• ARP Request for LPM (Device Unit) must be initiated by the CCM at the host side and response from the device side must also be received by the CCM at the host side</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• CCM updates its Registry as and when it receives ARP Responses from the targeted FMs</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Check Points

- Check CCM is initiating Component Initialization complete Notification after the Reset.
- Check the FMs like P-Mode master, RM, SPM, LPM are receiving the ARP request and sending back the response
- Check correctness of registry entries through Registry module logs of the registry table.

### Remarks

Bus reset is an IEEE 1394 functionality and this occurs when LPM issues a “suspend / resume Local device” command

### 7.4 TC_PM_ST _04

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Case Spec. ID</th>
<th>TC_PM_ST _04</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective of Test</td>
<td>Verify the Resumption of Local applications</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aim/ Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>To verify the LPM capability to wake up the Camera Application which in turn initializes the IIDC Camera and starts Video Streaming</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Input/ Initial State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wake up Notification has arrived at the PMode slave.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Preamble/ Dependencies**

Successful execution of TC_PM_ST_01

**Procedure**

1. Once the wake up command arrives at the LPM, the LPM issues the “**resume**” local applications message to the camera application and enables the Legacy ports.

2. The Camera GUI will start. User can operate the controls on the GUI to control camera properties.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output/ Final State</th>
<th>O Starting of the Video streaming</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>O If there’s an LED to indicate Camera Power, the LED will change color to ON state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>O Camera would start streaming video</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Check Points**
The camera application should start displaying the images captured by the IIDC camera

**Remarks**
IEEE1394 Bus analyzer can be placed at the 1394a Metal cable which is connects the IIDC camera and the P-Mode Repeater to view all the PDU transactions

---

**7.5 TC_PM_ST_05**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Case Spec. ID</th>
<th>TC_PM_ST_05</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective of Test</td>
<td>Verify the shut down the of Local applications</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Aim/ Description**
To verify the LPM capability to shut down up the Camera Application which in turn stops the IIDC Camera and Video Streaming

| Input/ Initial State | Wake up Notification has arrived at the PMode slave. |

**Preamble/ Dependencies**
Successful execution of TC_PM_ST_04

**Procedure**

Once the **Shutdown Execute** command arrives at the LPM from SPM, the LPM issues the “**Suspend local Apps in Node**” local applications message to the camera application and disables the Legacy ports.
| Output/ Final State | a. The Camera GUI will terminate  
b. Camera would stop streaming video  
c. If there's an LED to indicate Camera Power, the LED will change color to OFF state. |

**Check Points**
The camera application should stop displaying the images captured by the IIDC camera

**Remarks**
IEEE1394 Bus analyzer can be placed at the 1394a Metal cable which is connects the IIDC camera and the P-Mode Repeater to view all the PDU transactions

### 7.6 TC_P M ST _06

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Case Spec. ID</th>
<th>TC_PM_ST_06</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Objective of Test</strong></td>
<td>Verify the Enabling of the legacy ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aim/ Description</strong></td>
<td>To verify the enabling of the legacy ports after bus reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Input/ Initial State</strong></td>
<td>The initialization sequence has completed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Preamble/ Dependencies** | • Run the TC_PM_ST_07 case and wait for the completion of initialization sequence after the reset (after ARP request and response from the FM’s)  
• Let the P-Mode Master issue the “wake up network” CMS command.  
• Watch the following PDU transactions  
• **General Service Info** (from SPM) and corresponding report (all LPM’s)  
• As soon as the PDU “Report – General Service Info” arrives from the LPM’s, the SPM will issue **wake up network command** as well as **enable legacy ports** |
| **Procedure** | • Click/enable the ON button at the Key Position Application using a mouse pointer after system start up sequence is complete or the System is in shutdown state.  
• Watch the PDU transactions over IEEE1394 cable - Validate all CMS commands for correct object property, destination FM, source FM etc when one particular |
FM transmit or receive an command

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output/ Final State</th>
<th>Legacy Ports Enabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SPM has to receive the “Power Status Indication” from all LPM’s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Check Points**

Check for the following PDU’s at the PMode master
- Reception of completion of initialization sequence completion
- Transmission of wake up the network command to SPM

Check for the following PDU’s at the SPM
- Reception of wake up the network from the PMode master
- Soon after receiving this the SPM should issue General Service Info (LPM) to LPM
- SPM should receive “Report – General Service Info” from LPM’s.
- When receive the above confirmation the SPM should issue “Wake up Command” to all LPM’s
- After that the SPM has to issue the command “Enable Legacy Ports”

After this command the SPM has to receive the “Power Status Indication” from all LPM’s

**Remarks**
The legacy device present in this EPoC is the IIDC Camera

### 7.7 TC_PM_ST_07

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Case Spec. ID</th>
<th>TC_PM_ST_07</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective of Test</td>
<td>Verify the Disabling legacy ports</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Aim/ Description**
To verify operation of disabling all legacy ports in the network

**Input/ Initial State**
The EPoC should be in the woken up state

**Preamble/ Dependencies**
Run test case TC_PM_ST_04 and after this the EPoC should be in the woken up state.
(The interface box should be able to send up the PM LINE LOW status at every 8 seconds)

**Procedure**
Run the test case TC_PM_ST_04.

Click/enable the OFF button at the Key Position Application using mouse pointer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output/ Final State</th>
<th>Check the color change OFF and ON buttons</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All legacy ports are disabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Check Points**

Get ports connected to Legacy Nodes

- PMode master should be able to send the "**Shutdown Network**" to SPM
- The SPM should be able to receive the above command "**Shutdown Network**" from PMode master
- Observe the PDU transactions from Shutdown Request to all LPM’s to **suspend local Apps in Node** as per sequence diagram Figure 1 Sequence diagram for Cooperative shutdown through Key Position Application in network architecture document version 0.8.
- After issuing the shutdown execute the SPM should issue the **Disable Legacy Ports to CCM**
- The CCM will Get ports connected to Legacy Nodes and will disable the port connected to the legacy device
- The legacy device present in this EPOC is the IIDC Camera

---

**7.8 TC_PM_ST_08**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Case Spec. ID</th>
<th>TC_PM_ST_08</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Objective of Test</strong></td>
<td>Verify the Shutdown/ sleep functionality of EPoC System</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Aim/ Description**

To Verify the IEEE1394 sleep functionality by switching the repeater to OFF state by making PM line HIGH (inactive)

**Input/ Initial State**
The EPOC system should be in the WAKE UP state

**Preamble/ Dependencies**

Successful execution of TC_PM_ST_02

**Procedure**

1. Run the test case for wake up successfully
2. Click/enable the OFF button at the Key Position Application using mouse
pointer

3. Observe the PDU transactions between LPM, SPM, and PMode master, PMode slave. They are
   a. Shutdown Network
   b. Shutdown Request to all LPM ’s
   c. Shutdown Accept
   d. Shutdown Execute
   e. Suspend Local PHY + Link

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output/ Final State</th>
<th>1. All legacy ports in the network disabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. All local Applications in device and in host Node are Suspended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. PM Line Deactivated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Check Points

1. Observe the Key Position Application ON and OFF buttons color changes.
2. Check for all legacy ports in the network are in disabled state
3. PM Line Deactivated
4. Check that the PMode slave FM has printed the arrival of “PM deactivated “
5. Check the status of I/F BOX.
6. All the FM’s should exit

Remarks

The IEEE 1394 Protocol analyzer can be make use for the PDU which are moving across the IEEE1394 cable

7.9 TC_PM_ST _09

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Case Spec. ID</th>
<th>TC_PM_ST _09</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Objective of Test</td>
<td>Verify the Shutdown/ sleep functionality of EPoC System by forced method when one or more local power masters are rejecting the shutdown request.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Aim/ Description
**Verify the Shutdown/ sleep functionality of EPoC System**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Input/ Initial State</strong></th>
<th>The EPOC system should be in the WAKE UP state</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Preamble/ Dependencies**

Successful execution of TC_PM_ST_02

**Procedure**

**Procedure**

- Run the test case for wake up successfully
- Click/enable the OFF button at the Key Position Application using mouse pointer
- Observe the PDU transactions between LPM, SPM, and P-Mode master, P-Mode slave. They are
  - Shutdown Network
  - Shutdown Request to all LPM ‘s
  - Shutdown Accept
  - Shutdown Execute
  - Suspend Local PHY + Link

**Output/ Final State**

| **4. All legacy ports in the network disabled** |
| **5. All local Applications in device and in host Node are Suspended** |
| **PM Line Deactivated** |

**Check Points**

- Observe the Key Position Application ON and OFF buttons color changes.
- Check for all legacy ports in the network are in disabled state
- PM Line Deactivated
- Check that the P-Mode slave FM has printed the arrival of “PM deactivated “
- Check the status of I/F BOX.
- All the FM’s should exit
### Remarks

The IEEE 1394 Protocol analyzer can be make use for the PDU which are moving across the IEEE1394 cable

The following are the important CMS messages which need to be observed

1. Shutdown Network
2. General Service Info and Report
3. Shutdown Request to all LPM’s
4. Shutdown Accept

---

### 8 Test Results

1. The group A and D test case results were observed using the log facility
2. The group B and C test results can be observed when the IIDC camera application will start or stop displaying the images

Also the IEEE1394 packet analyzer were used extensively for checking, and verifying the correctness of the packets which includes size of the packet, value of the control parameters etc. the procedure followed for this is given below

1. The input packet, control parameters (specific to each packet), which were generated at the host PC, was observed using the log message generated at the host side PC by the respective FM ‘s.
2. In -cable message transactions, packet size ; control parameters (specific to each command) etc were observed using the IEEE1394 packet analyzer.
3. The packets reached at the device PC were again cross checked for data integrity and for making sure that no data or packet were occurred during the transmission

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### 9. Tools /Other Software Used
1. Operating System used on the host and device PC’s are – Redhat Linux 9 (kernel 2.4.20-8) 

2. IEEE1394 Bus Analyzer is used for capturing the packets and thus for validating the correct sequence and transaction of commands with correct values

Table 1 – Hardware Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Resources</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>PCs running Linux 9.0 with serial ports and IEEE1394a ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>RS 232C cables</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>P-Mode I/F BOX</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>P-Mode Repeaters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>Unit tested S/w modules for SPM, LPM, CCM etc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>IEEE1394 Bus Analyzer</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>PM &amp; Power cable</td>
</tr>
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<td>8</td>
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<td>IEEE 1394 POF Cables</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>IIDC v1.02 compliant camera</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Annex A  Requirement and recommendation language

A.1 Requirements

The following verbal forms are indicative of requirements that are to be followed in order to achieve conformance to this specification. No deviation is permitted from a requirement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verbal Form</th>
<th>Equivalent Expressions</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| Shall, Must, Will | Is to  
| | Is required to  
| | It is required that  
| | Has to  
| | Only … is permitted  
| | It is necessary  |
| Shall Not, Will Not | Is not allowed [permitted] [acceptable] [permissible] |

A.2 Recommendations

The following verbal forms are indicative of recommendations or courses of action that are preferred, but are not necessarily required.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verbal Form</th>
<th>Equivalent Expressions</th>
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</table>
| Should | It is recommended that  
| | Ought to  |
| Should Not | It is not recommended that  |
| May | Is permitted  
| | Is allowed  
| | Is permissible  |
| May Not | Need not  
| | It is not required that  
| | No … is required  |
| Can | Be able to  
| | There is a possibility of  
| | It is possible to  |
| Cannot | Be unable to  
| | There is no possibility of  
| | It is not possible to  |
Annex B Request for change form

Use this form to identify errors or deficiencies or to recommend general changes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document No.</th>
<th>Version No.</th>
<th>Version Date</th>
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**Document Title**

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